### Food for Adaptive Thinking...

Working lunch Session Chair: Betty Cheng

## **Breakout groups**

- Stimulate discussions
  - Learn about capabilities and needs from other disciplines
  - Learn more about the utility and limitations of your area
- Identify challenge problems
- Stimulate new research investigations

# Breakout groups

#### 1. Assurance

- Discussion Leaders: Rogerio and Jeff M.
- Structural, behavioral, NFR (security, fault tolerance)
- 2. Discipline-inspired adaptation
  - Discussion Leader: Betty
  - Biology, AI, control theory, robotics
- 3. Technology-enabled adaptation
  - Discussion Leaders: David G, Marin L.
  - (e.g., patterns, model-based development, process, architectural styles/frameworks, languages, etc.)
- 4. Application-driven adaptation
  - Discussion Leaders: Steve F., Hausi
  - (e.g., web, servers, grid computing, etc.)

### Process

- Decide on a breakout group:
  - You work in the topic area OR
  - You want to learn about the area (bringing your expertise)
- Discussion leader(s) will select a table
- Identify a scribe for each table
- Each group will produce 1-3 slides
- Elected group member to present after lunch 5 minutes.

#### **Breakout Product**

- 1. Describe 3 key challenges for the area
- 2. What existing work can be leveraged?
- 3. Anticipated near-term results
- 4. Ideal long-term results

### **Discipline Inspired**

The Betty Posse

## Challenges

- Decision Making
- Knowledge Representation / Model
- Scope:
  - Global vs. Local
  - Centralized vs. Decentralized
- Common / Standard Evaluation

## **Near-term Solutions**

- AI Techniques
- Decision Theory
- Multi-attribute Utility Theory
- Evolution

## **Ideal Solutions**

- Automatic generation
  - goals
  - requirements
  - design models
  - code
- Clear mapping between artifacts (goals to requirements to models to code)

- Understanding the level of adaptations
  - code level, component level, system level
  - Tuning, structure change

- Multidimensional aspects of adaptability
  - Composition of different concerns
    - Perspective on performance, reliability
  - Solutions:
    - Domain specific approaches
    - Separation of concerns
    - Composition of aspects (utility function)

- What are the enabling technogies
  - SE tchnologies: architectures, AOP, languages, etc
  - Other domains technologies: AI learning, Biology, performance models, reliability models

- How to deal with expected/unexpected changes in the environment
  - Planning in advance for anticipated changes
    - Design the system accordingly
  - Solve the unexpected changes through evolution\

- Undoing an adaptation
  - Short-term
    - Application-specific approaches
    - Logging and compensating actions
  - Long-term
    - Integrate into requirements and check adaptation meets requirements

- Centralized vs distributed control
  - Short-term
    - Map out specific application scenarios
  - Ideal
    - Define spectrum of control models to match requirements

- Evolution of non-functional requirements
  - Short-term
    - Model variability of requirements
  - Ideal
    - Include variability into architecture

- Making legacy systems adaptive
  - Short-term
    - Wrapping
  - Long-term
    - SOA

- Effective and adaptive monitoring
  - Short-term
    - Facilities to control intensity
  - Long-term
    - Intelligent control

#### Assurances

- what are the differences for the provision of assurances:
  - traditional systems;
    - difficult to achieve in high assurance systems [Littlewood keynote];

» e.g., nuclear power stations;

- self-adaptive systems;
  - order of magnitude much higher;
  - e.g., run-time testing;
- what should be adapted? and why?

#### Assurances

- methodology for supporting selfadaptability;
  - design-time;
    - what needs to be modified?
    - arguments based on model checking, testing, code inspections, etc.
  - run-time;
    - what should be incorporated?
    - design of emergent behaviours:
      - » guarantees that the emergent
- domain specific solutions;
  - industry want guarantees on systems/solutions

# Assurances - Challenges

- real-time constraints;
  - how to ensure end-to-end arguments;
- adaptive assurance;
  - how to generate assurances at run-time;
    - there is a difference between design-time and runtime assurances;
  - level of assurance defined on the goals of the self-adaptive system;
- oracle for assurances:
  - based on domain knowledge;